

BOER WAR NEAR ITS END.

VICE-PRESIDENT SCHALKBURGER TAKES KRUGER'S PLACE.

Flight of the President, Gen. Botha's withdrawal and a General Breaking Up of Commandos—Buller Occupies Spitzkop—Gen. Roberts Issues Another Proclamation.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

From THE SUN'S Correspondent at Pretoria.

PRETORIA, Sept. 14.—The flight of President Kruger to Lorenzo'sburg, the turning over of his command to Gen. Viljoen by Gen. Botha on account of illness, and the daily breaking up of Boer commandos are everywhere considered as an indication of the speedy termination of the war.

Gen. Botha has taken the place of President Kruger.

The eastward advance of the British is moving on in a broad sweep seventy miles long through the broken valleys and mountains of the Transvaal Drakensberg. Gen. French is at the extreme southern point, toward Hartbeesfontein, with Gen. Hutton supporting him. The railway near Godwin River, Gen. French's advance has been strongly opposed.

In the extreme north, Gen. Buller has had magnificent success and has driven the Boers over the passes toward Spitzkop. Gen. Jan Hamilton is supporting Gen. Buller. The Boers who were at Warrenton, after being driven to the northward. The system of guarding towns with field forces for the surrounding districts is meeting with great success.

Gen. Methuen is clearing the country road to Zuerich. Gen. Clements is between Kruger and Hartbeesfontein. Gen. Barton is at the former place. Gen. Bradley is at Heidelberg.

The British commanders hope that within the next two weeks the Boer headquarters in the east of the Transvaal will be surrounded and the commandos dispersed. The final quelling of the opposition to the British in the various districts will, it is thought, be speedily accomplished.

Warm weather will soon make it impossible for the Boers to keep their cattle in the bush veldt, and they are already driving them south. Small bands of Boers continue to threaten attacks on the railway from the south and east. The railway is too strongly guarded, however, for them to achieve any success.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The War Office has received the following from Lord Roberts, dated Machadodorp, Sept. 13:

"Buller has occupied Spitzkop. He found 80,000 pounds of supplies, principally of rice, sugar, flour and coffee, and 300 boxes of ammunition."

"An engineer convoy which was escorted by the Nineteenth Hussars was attacked at the Crocodile River. The engineers have returned, but there is no news of the escort."

"Jan Hamilton's force, placed between Polkarew's brigade at Waterval, from which place Carw's command reached Godwin today. The enemy abandoned the place, and the Godwin bridge was blown up."

"Rundel has arrived at Bethlehem. Boers nearby attacked a patrol of rearmy. The Boers retreated after the killing of one of the patrol and threatening to give no quarter."

"Hart occupied Potchefstroom on the 11th, the mounted men having covered forty-five miles and the infantry thirty-five miles within ten hours to surprise the Boers. The plan succeeded admirably, and at dawn some Boers rode out of the town. The Boers were made prisoners. The alarm was sounded and the Boers endeavored to escape in small parties. Some were shot and a few escaped. The remainder rushed back into town and were captured."

"Clements advanced against Delarey's burghers, who retired after the killing of three. Delarey admitted four casualties."

"On Sept. 11, Kruger fled to Lorenzo's Marques. Botha is in ill health and has temporarily relinquished command of the Boers to Viljoen, who is reported to be at Nelspruit."

PROCLAMATION BY ROBERTS.

He Says That Kruger's Desertion Shows the Uselessness of Opposition.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The War Office has received this despatch from Gen. Roberts, dated Machadodorp, Sept. 13:

"I have widely circulated a proclamation stating that the President of the Republic of South Africa, Gen. Kruger, has crossed the Portuguese frontier and arrived at Lorenzo's Marques, with a view to sailing for Europe at an early date; that Kruger has formally resigned as President, thus severing all official connection with the Boers; and that his action shows how useless, in his opinion, is the war, and that his desertion of the Boer cause should make it clear to his fellow countrymen that it is useless to continue the war."

"The proclamation continues: 'Fifteen thousand Boers are engaged in the war. Intervention on the part of the Powers, or Britain, is determined to complete the work which has begun.'"

"If any further doubts remain in the minds of the burghers as to her Majesty's intentions, they should be dispelled by the permanent manner in which the country is being occupied by her Majesty's forces."

"I take this opportunity of pointing out that, except in a small area under the personal command of Botha, the war is degenerating and has degenerated into operations carried on in an irregular and irresponsible manner, and in very many cases on the bodies of men. I should be falling in my duty to her Majesty's Government and to her Majesty's army in South Africa if I neglected to use every means in my power to bring such irregular warfare to an early conclusion."

"The means which I am compelled to adopt are those of the Government, and are being applicable to such cases. They are ruinous to the country and entail endless suffering on the burghers and their families, and the longer this guerrilla warfare continues the more vigorously must they be enforced."

RUMORS ABOUT KRUGER.

He Has Changed His Residence in Lorenzo's Marques—Future Plans.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—President Kruger has left the house of Mr. Potts, the Consul of the Transvaal, and taken up his residence with the district Governor.

ROBERTS, Sept. 14.—A London despatch to the Capital says the Dutch Consul at that place has telegraphed to the Consul of the Netherlands at Messina to hire a villa for President Kruger in Sicily.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—The correspondent of THE SUN learns from a most trustworthy source that President Kruger of the Transvaal is on his way to Europe for the purpose of seeking the intervention of the Powers.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Telegraph's correspondent at Lorenzo's Marques says that President Kruger is ostensibly a prisoner at the house of the Governor, to which he was invited by the Portuguese Government, though he preferred to remain at the residence of the Consul of the Transvaal. The French Consul called at the Governor's house to see President Kruger, but was not allowed to do so. Boer officials have also unsuccessfully tried to see him. The correspondent adds that he learns that the President was nominally made a prisoner at the instance of the British Consul, who protested against his using Portuguese territory as a base for communicating with the Boer Executive Council. A military agreement was signed between the British and Boer Governments.

Most of the Transvaal officials who accompanied President Kruger to Lorenzo's Marques have returned to Komatipoort. It is reported that President Kruger made a speech to the burghers at Nelspruit, in which he said that although the Boer peace delegation had been unsuccessful, he would go to Europe and call for the intervention of foreign Powers. He

CHURCHES' PROSPERITY.

\$4,000,000 TO BE PUT INTO CHURCH BUILDINGS WITHIN SIX MONTHS.

That is the Estimated Expenditure for This City—Some of the Work of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Expanding Religious Work.

Rarely has there been an autumn when so much money was going into buildings designed for religious purposes as is the case at present in all the boroughs of New York city.

Since Bishop Potter's return last March from his tour of the world about \$10,000,000 has been raised for the cathedral of St. John the Divine. Archbishop Corrigan reported to the Pope on his recent visit the completion of 264 new buildings during the ten years just passed.

On the first of his new decade the Archbishop starts at even a faster rate of progress. His denomination, first not behind hand, now leads in the race. According to present estimates, it is to go into religious edifices in New York within the next few months.

The largest single amount is represented in the erection of the choir of the new Episcopal cathedral, involving an expenditure of \$1,000,000, but the cathedral heights will be about \$1,500,000. The roof of one of the main buildings of the latter is now on, and work is progressing on the interior. During the past summer \$100,000 has been put into repairs on Manhattan and Bronx churches, and \$50,000 on repairs to Brooklyn churches.

To-morrow the Archbishop will lay the corner stone of a new St. John the Divine church, which is to cost \$800,000, for the parish recently formed next to Hunt's Point. At Melrose a new Roman Catholic church is to be erected costing \$100,000. Recently a large tract east of the Bronx for Inclosures at Fordham has been purchased, and the new church, which has been contemplated in building a church, parish house, school and clergy house. Not far from there in Tremont there has just been completed a new St. Joseph's Catholic Church, at Washington avenue and 17th street, to take the place of the old structure on the same avenue at 17th street.

The Polish parish in Manhattan has near completion a new church in East Seventh street, that is to cost \$500,000. Plans for a new cathedral at St. Patrick's cathedral call for an expenditure of \$2,000,000.

St. Bartholomew's Episcopal parish is spending \$200,000 on a new church. In Brooklyn a new St. Mark's Episcopal church is projected, and a new church is being built at the corner of East 10th and Avenue C, at a cost of \$150,000. The new church is to be built on a site of 100,000 sq. ft. and will contain 1,000 seats. The new church is to be built on a site of 100,000 sq. ft. and will contain 1,000 seats.

The charges against State Factory Inspector Williams were referred to the Central Federated Union of Labor, which is to conduct the trial. The following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That the Workingmen's Federation of the State of New York, in keeping with the spirit of the recent events, hereby place a record on record as strenuous and efficient as any increase being made in the regular army."

An motion was made that the convention extend its special session to the 20th inst. and adjourn to the 21st. After considerable debate the convention voted the sympathy but without the motion. The charges against State Factory Inspector Williams were referred to the Central Federated Union of Labor, which is to conduct the trial.

GIRL LURED TO A QUEER HOUSE.

The Prostitute Used to Smile at Her From the Window, She Says.

Julia Gallagher, 14 years old, disappeared from her home, 1800 Avenue A, on July 3. She was found yesterday by Gerry Agnew and Fogarty at 244 First avenue. The girl explained, when she had been taken into custody as a runaway, that Mrs. Martha Hennessy, the tenant of the house, had won her away from home.

"She used to smile at me from her window as I passed by," the girl told Agent Agnew, "and I finally went to visit her, and in the end to stay with her for good."

When the agents entered the house they discovered, so they say, a peculiar state of affairs. Three women were living in a bed, and a man was under it. The women were Julia, the runaway, Mrs. Hennessy and a young woman who said she was Lillie Martin, 20 years old, of 280 Lewis avenue, Brooklyn. The woman under the bed described herself as Harry Martin. He said he had been in the house for some time.

Yorkville police court Mrs. Hennessy was accused of abduction and held for \$1,000 bail. The woman under the bed was also held for \$1,000 bail. The man under the bed was also held for \$1,000 bail.

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It is also provided that the measure authorizing the appropriation of \$1,000 for a new bridge over the Hudson river, which will pass at the same session of the Legislature.

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The Lawrence Public School Building Dedicated. ALBANY, Sept. 14.—The new public school building at Palenville, Greene county, has been dedicated. It is one of the finest school buildings in the State. The building was designed by the architect, Mr. J. W. Lawrence of New York, in memory of his wife, who died in the village two years ago. The building is a fine example of modern school architecture.

Notes of Wall Street News. The conference between the representatives of the Tin Plate Workers' International Protective Association and the officers of the American Tin Plate Association, which was held yesterday, adjourned to meet again to-day. It was reported the conference might last several days into next week.

Presidents Thomas of the Erie Railroad and Hall of the New Haven are expected to return from Europe within the next few days. They are not expected to return to their country places in the fall. It is expected they will stay in the city at the end of next week.

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MISSIONARIES ON THE HANCOCK.

They Reach San Francisco After Great Hardships and Loss of Property.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The United States army transport Hancock arrived this morning from the Orient, bringing four army officers and four families of missionaries, refugees from North China, and a Chinese interpreter.

The missionaries are Major E. L. Dravo, C. S. U. S. A., first Lieut. E. D. Stierrett, C. S. U. S. A., Lieut. W. C. Davidson, and M. S. Sullivan, clerk of the Subsistence Department; and Lieut. J. H. Williams and four hospital corps men.

The missionaries aboard the Hancock include I. M. J. Hotvedt, Rev. E. C. Bowen, Rev. W. E. Manley, wife and two children, Rev. Mr. Jones, wife and two children, Rev. J. D. Dawe, wife and child, Miss O. Haddenfield and Miss B. G. Haddenfield. The missionaries suffered great hardships in escape from North China. They lost their property and were driven from their homes. They were driven from their homes and were driven from their homes.

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